



## **the control circuit is disconnected and energy cannot be stored**

Can a lock be omitted from an energy isolating device? Lockout devices and locks may be omitted, but only if the energy isolating device is not capable of being locked-out. If a tag alone is used, additional safety measures that can provide the same level of safety as a lock must be employed. Can a tagout device be used on an energy isolating device? When a tagout device is used on an energy isolating device which is capable of being locked out, the tagout device shall be attached at the same location that the lockout device would have been attached, and the employer shall demonstrate that the tagout program will provide a level of safety equivalent to that obtained by using a lockout program. What is a written energy control procedure? Written energy control procedures will address the temporary removal of lockout or tagout devices. Temporary removal is allowed when re-energizing equipment is necessary, for example, when power is needed to test or position the equipment. This applies only for the limited time required to perform the task and the procedure must be documented. Where is energy stored? Energy may be stored in springs, elevated machine parts, rotating flywheels, hydraulic systems, and air, gas, steam or water pressure. Use methods such as repositioning, blocking movement or bleeding pressure. Apply appropriate lock or lockout devices to all energy isolating devices. What are the rules relating to hazardous energy control? The Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout). Depending on your work, you may also need to comply with one or more of the other rules that specifically references 147, such as 437-002-, Confined Spaces or 437-002-, Stationary Compactors, Self-Contained Compactors, and Balers as examples. What are machine-specific energy control procedures? An example of machine-specific energy control procedures. Written energy control procedures will address the temporary removal of lockout or tagout devices. Temporary removal is allowed when re-energizing equipment is necessary, for example, when power is needed to test or position the equipment. We have an expert-written solution to this problem! Following the application of lockout or tagout devices to energy isolating devices, all potentially hazardous stored or residual energy must be relieved. We have an expert-written solution to this problem! Following the application of lockout or tagout devices to energy isolating devices, all potentially hazardous stored or residual energy must be relieved. If an energy isolating device is capable of being locked out, the employer's energy control program must utilize lockout, Unless the employer can demonstrate that the utilization of a tagout system will provide full employee protection as set forth by OSHA regulations. True If an energy isolating Work on cord and plug connected electric equipment for which exposure to the hazards of unexpected energization or start up of the equipment is controlled by the unplugging of the equipment from the energy source and by the plug being under the exclusive control of the employee performing the Disconnecting or making the equipment safe to work on involves the removal of all energy sources and is known as isolation. Lock-out/Tag-out refers to the safety procedure used in industry and research settings to ensure that dangerous machines have been properly shut-down and are incapable of The lockout/tagout procedure provides guidelines to ensure individual safety of personnel servicing and maintaining equipment by preventing the inadvertent operation of equipment and providing protection from stored energy



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through the control of hazardous energy. Refer to 29CFR1910.147 and §1910.269 The purpose of this policy is to establish the minimum requirements for the lockout and/or tagout of energy isolating devices. The procedures shall be followed to ensure that machines or equipment are isolated from all potentially hazardous energy sources, and locked out and/or tagged out before Lockout / tagout programs are designed to prevent accidental startup of machines or equipment, and to prevent the release of stored energy during servicing or maintenance. Through the use of specific procedures that involve applying locks and tags, equipment is isolated from energy sources and §1910.147 Following the application of lockout or tagout devices to energy isolating devices, all potentially hazardous stored or residual energy shall be relieved, disconnected, restrained, and otherwise Energy Isolation/Lock-Out/Tag-Out Program A tagout device will be used only when the energy-isolating device is not capable of being locked out. The required means of attachment for a tagout device is a self-locking, non-reusable, nylon cable-type tie that is capable Control of Hazardous Energy - Lock Out / Tag Out The lockout/tagout procedure provides guidelines to ensure individual safety of personnel servicing and maintaining equipment by preventing the inadvertent operation of equipment and The Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout) After ensuring that no personnel are exposed, and as a check on having disconnected the energy sources, operate the push button or other normal operating controls to make sure the New York City College of Technology After the energy-isolating device has been locked out and tagged or tagged out, all potentially hazardous stored energy must be relieved, disconnected, restrained, or otherwise rendered safe. UofR: EHS: Occupational Safety: Hazardous Energy Control Lockout: The placement of a lockout device on an energy isolating device, in accordance with established procedure, ensuring the energy isolating device and equipment being controlled Hazardous Energy Control Procedure (Lockout/Tagout/Tryout) The purpose of this Energy Control Procedure is to protect Carnegie Mellon University faculty, and staff (herein referred to as "employee") from the unexpected startup or release of Hazardous Energy Control (Lockout-Tagout).docx Electrical Safe Work Condition: A state in which the conductor or circuit part to be worked on or near has been disconnected from energized parts, locked/tagged in accordance with the Lockout/Tagout Oregon OSHA's guide to controlling These control-circuit-type devices do not physically isolate equipment from the equipment's energy source. Unanticipated circumstances such as welded contacts or a loose wire shorting Control of Hazardous Energy - Lock Out / Tag Out Push buttons, selector switches and other control circuit type devices are not energy isolating devices Energized Connected to an energy source or containing residual or stored energy. 29 CFR .147 THE CONTROL OF HAZARDOUS 29 CFR .147, paragraph (c) (1) The employer shall establish a program consisting of energy control procedures, employee training and periodic inspections to ensure that before any Lockout and Tagout Energy Control Review 7. Do you have a lockout/tagout procedure in regards to the smog hog? 8 fore implementing energy control procedures or performing maintenance and/or servicing operations, you should know A. The New York City College of Technology Lockout: The



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placement of a lockout device on an energy-isolating device (e.g., circuit breaker or electrical power disconnect), in accordance with an established procedure, ensuring that the .147 This standard covers the servicing and maintenance of machines and equipment in which the unexpected energization or start up of the machines or equipment, or release of stored energy guide to controlling hazardous energy Push-buttons, selector switches, safety interlocks, control circuit type devices, and programmable logic controllers (PLCs) used in many modern machine applications are NOT energy-isolating The Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)ENERGY ISOLATING DEVICE - A mechanical device that physically prevents the transmission or release of energy, including but not limited to the following: A manually operated electrical Energy Isolating Device Push buttons, selected switches and other control circuit type devices are not energy isolating devices. Energy Source Any source of electrical, mechanical, hydraulic, pneumatic, chemical, Safe Isolation Procedure for Electrical Isolations Residual energy isolation procedure: The energy isolation procedure is the process of isolating all stored energy sources in the equipment or circuit. This may involve discharging capacitors or removing batteries. Off Load 1230w1005-02.ppt [Compatibility Mode] In general, the standard requires that all energy sources for equipment be turned off, isolated (disconnected), and physically locked out. Bleeding, relieving, or blocking other stored and LOTO Overview: Building a Safe and Effective Energy LOTO Overview: Building a Safe and Effective Energy Control Program Providing workers with the tools and training to properly handle stored energy is critical. Insufficient training and tools for Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)721 e. Energy-Isolating Device - A mechanical device that physically prevents the transmission or 722 release of energy, including but not limited to the following: a manually operated electrical Hazardous Energy Control Procedure (Lockout/Tagout/Tryout)Energy Isolation Device: A mechanical device that physically prevents transmission of energy. Examples of energy isolation devices would include the following: a manually operated circuit LOTO Overview: Building a Safe and Effective Energy LOTO Overview: Building a Safe and Effective Energy Control Program Providing workers with the tools and training to properly handle stored energy is critical. Insufficient training and tools for Hazardous Energy Control Procedure (Lockout/Tagout/Tryout)Energy Isolation Device: A mechanical device that physically prevents transmission of energy. Examples of energy isolation devices would include the following: a manually operated circuit Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)Energy-isolating device (EID): A mechanical device that physically prevents transmission or release of energy, including but not limited to the following: a manually operated electrical Hazardous Energies Control and Lockout/Tagout ProgramElectrical energy must be locked out at a disconnect switch that positively interrupts the circuit supplying the electricity or the equipment is physically disconnected from the source of electricity. Deenergizing Equipment The circuits and equipment to be worked on shall be disconnected from all electric energy sources. Control circuit devices, such as push buttons, selector switches, and interlocks, may Hazardous Energy Control Plan



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(Lock Out Tag Out) General Energized - Connected to an energy source or containing residual or stored energy. Energy isolating device - A mechanical device that physically prevents the transmission or release of Control of Hazardous Energy (lockout/tagout) Checklist When the power-disconnecting means does not also disconnect the electrical control circuit: Are appropriate electrical enclosures identified? Are means provided to ensure the control circuit Energy Control (Lockout/Tagout) Program 3. Control circuit devices, such as push buttons, switches and interlocks, must not be used as the sole means for de-energizing circuits or equipment. Interlocks for electric Microsoft PowerPoint A mechanical device that physically prevents the transmission or release of energy, including but not limited to the following: A manually operated electrical circuit breaker; a disconnect switch; Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout) What is hazardous energy? Energy sources including electrical, mechanical, hydraulic, pneumatic, chemical, thermal, or other sources in machines and equipment can be hazardous

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